Spotting Procedures



degree of difficulty

1 (easiest – complete removal likely)
5 (extremely difficult to remove- limited expectation of success).

1





Kool Aid/Children's Fruit Drinks

Description

The FDA approved food dyes in artificially colored beverages are similar to the acid dyes used to dye nylon carpet. Often you can remove most of the stain, but some dye remains behind. The presence or lack of carpet protector, age of the stain, the condition of the carpet and previous cleaning attempts will all have a significant effect on the ease of removing these stains.

Tools Required

- Extraction equipment
- Gum Getter or spotting spatula
- White cotton towels
- Wall paper steamer or steam iron
- Sprayer

Chemicals Required

- Bridgepoint RedZONE
- Bridgepoint StainZONE (optional)
- Bridgepoint Maxim Advanced Carpet Protector

Procedures

NOTES: If previous cleaning attempts have been made, be sure all chemical residues have been rinsed from the carpet.

For best results, use fresh products and apply them to carpet that is as dry as reasonably possible.

Most food coloring responds best to a **RedZONE**. A few dyes respond better to an oxidizer (**StainZONE**). You may wish to do an initial test by applying **RedZONE** to a few affected tufts and **StainZONE** to other tufts. If you see good results using **StainZONE**, use it for the entire affected area. Otherwise, use the following procedure.

- 1. Apply **RedZONE** Part A and Part B liberally to the effected area.
- 2. Work in with **Gum Getter** or spatula to assure thorough penetration.
- 3. Allow up to 15 minutes dwell time.
- 4. Rinse and extract with hot water. Perform dry vacuum passes to get carpet as dry as possible.
- 5. If color remains, Apply more **Red- ZONE**, agitate to insure penetration. Apply heat using steam
 iron or wallpaper steamer. Check
 progress every 30 seconds. Stain
 should be gone in 2 to 3 minutes.
- 6. Apply Maxim Advanced Carpet Protector to make future spills and stains easier to remove.

